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The State of eBPF 2026: From Kernel Tooling to Strategic Cloud Native Platform



RFC 9669: BPF Instruction Set Architecture (ISA)

D. Thaler, Ed.

PROPOSED STANDARD

Abstract

eBPF (which is no longer an acronym for anything), also commonly referred to as BPF, is a technology with origins in the Linux kernel that can run untrusted programs in a privileged context such as an operating system kernel. This document specifies the BPF instruction set architecture (ISA).

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

This document is a product of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). It represents the consensus of the IETF community. It has received public review and has been approved for publication by the Internet Engineering Steering Group (IESG). Further information on Internet Standards is available in Section 2 of RFC 7841.

Information about the current status of this document, any errata, and how to provide feedback on it may be obtained at <https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9669>.

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A Vision for eBPF Inside



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eBPF in 2026

From: Daniel Borkmann <dborkman@redhat.com>
To: davem@davemloft.net
Cc: ast@plumgrid.com, netdev@vger.kernel.org
Subject: [PATCH net-next v4 0/9] BPF updates
Date: Fri, 28 Mar 2014 18:58:17 +0100 [thread overview]
Message-ID: <139602950-16776-1-git-send-email-dborkman@redhat.com> (raw)

We sat down and have heavily reworked the whole previous patchset from v10 [1] to address all comments/concerns. This patchset therefore **replaces** the internal BPF interpreter with the new layout as discussed in [1], and migrates some exotic callers to properly use the BPF API for a transparent upgrade. All other callers that already use the BPF API in a way it should be used, need no further changes to run the new internals. We also removed the sysctl knob entirely, and do not expose any structure to userland, so that implementation details only reside in kernel space. Since we are replacing the interpreter we had to migrate seccomp in one patch along with the interpreter to not break anything. When attaching a new filter, the flow can be described as following: i) test if jit compiler is enabled and can compile the user BPF, ii) if so, then go for it, iii) if not, then transparently migrate the filter into the new representation, and run it in the interpreter. Also, we have scratched the jit flag from the len attribute and made it as initial patch in this series as Pablo has suggested in the last feedback, thanks. For details, please refer to the patches themselves.

We did extensive testing of BPF and seccomp on the new interpreter itself and also on the user ABIs and could not find any issues; new performance numbers as posted in patch 8 are also still the same.

Please find more details in the patches themselves.

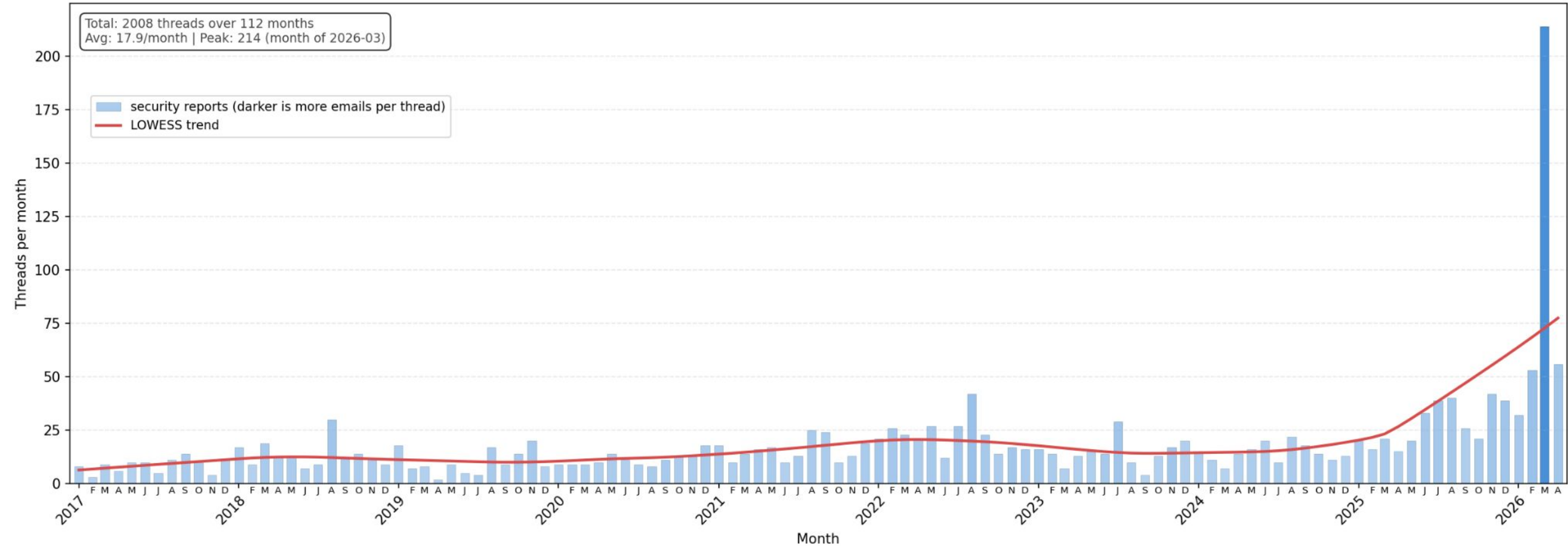
For all the previous history from v1 to v10, see [1]. We have decided to drop the v11 as we have pedantically reworked the set, but of course, included all previous feedback.

Happy 12th Birthday 🎉

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Observation: security@kernel.org

Monthly volume to security@kernel.org





New poor-man “bandaid” approaches appear after CopyFail CVE:

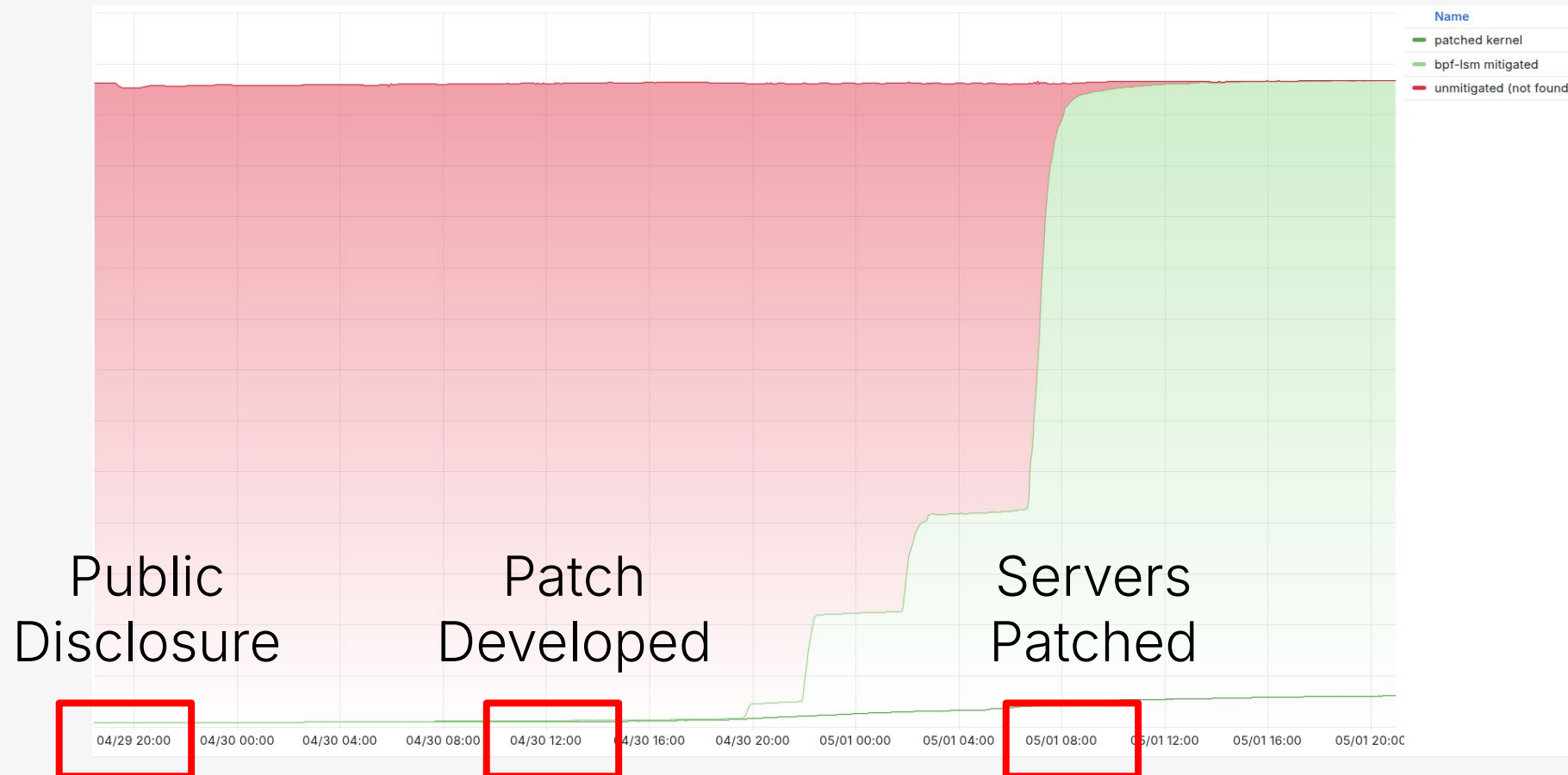
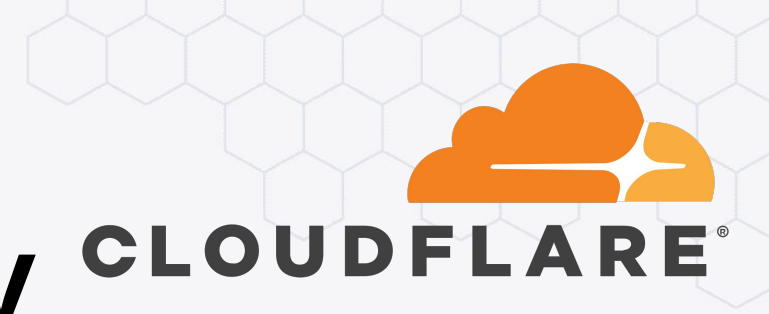
Subject: [PATCH v3] killswitch: add per-function short-circuit mitigation primitive
Date: Sun, 17 May 2026 09:48:57 -0400 [thread overview]
Message-ID: <20260517134858.146569-1-sashal@kernel.org> (raw)
In-Reply-To: <20260508195749.1885522-1-sashal@kernel.org>

When a kernel (security) issue goes public, fleets stay exposed until a patched kernel is built, distributed, and rebooted into.

For many such issues the simplest mitigation is to stop calling the buggy function. Killswitch provides that. An admin writes:

```
echo "engage af_alg_sendmsg -1" \  
> /sys/kernel/security/killswitch/control
```

eBPF + AI: Runtime Security



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Idea #1

Mitigation need to be created at the speed of agents.

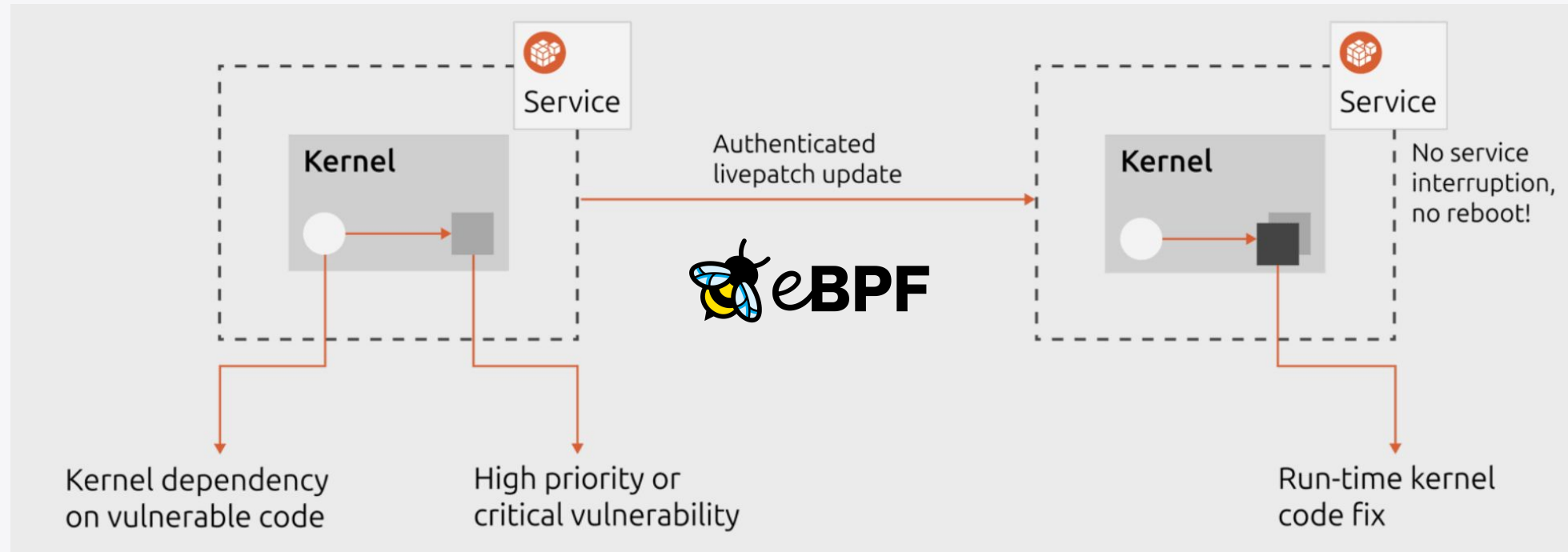
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Idea #2

Consider **BPF Security** part of the **trusted** compute platform.

eBPF + AI: Runtime Security

- Cut off the maximum that is not needed from the kernel/workload
- Live mitigate vulnerabilities for used code both for kernel itself as well as user space applications



eBPF + AI: Coding



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Large language models for patch review

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By **Jonathan Corbet**
October 16, 2025

There have been many discussions in the free-software community about the role of large language models (LLMs) in software development. For the most part, though, those conversations have focused on whether projects should be accepting code output by those models, and under what conditions. But there are other ways in which these systems might participate in the development process. Chris Mason recently [started a discussion](#) on the Kernel Summit discussion list about how these models can be used to review patches, rather than create them.

Mason's focus was on how LLMs might reduce the load on kernel maintainers by catching errors before they hit the mailing lists, and by helping contributors increase the quality of their submissions. To that end, he has put together a [set of prompts](#) that will produce reviews in a format that maintainers are used to: "The reviews are meant to look like emails on lkml, and even when wildly wrong they definitely succeed there". He included a long list of sample reviews, some of

AI used to review upstream patches

eBPF in the Agentic Era

Agents excel when they get tight loop feedback:

`write code` → `interpret compiler errors` → `fix the code`

`run code` → `interpret runtime results` → `write code`

eBPF in “existential crisis” mode right now:

Slow iteration

Need to boot VM, pass compiled BPF prog into VM, run veristat to get verifier log. Agents can't iterate fast.

Unreadable errors

Multi-MB verifier logs that dump everything examined. Hard for humans, harder for agents.

"Fundamental limits"

Agents hit verifier rejections and treat them as platform limits. They give up instead of working around.

eBPF + AI: Coding

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News from the source

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BPF in the agentic era

[LWN subscriber-only content]

Welcome to LWN.net

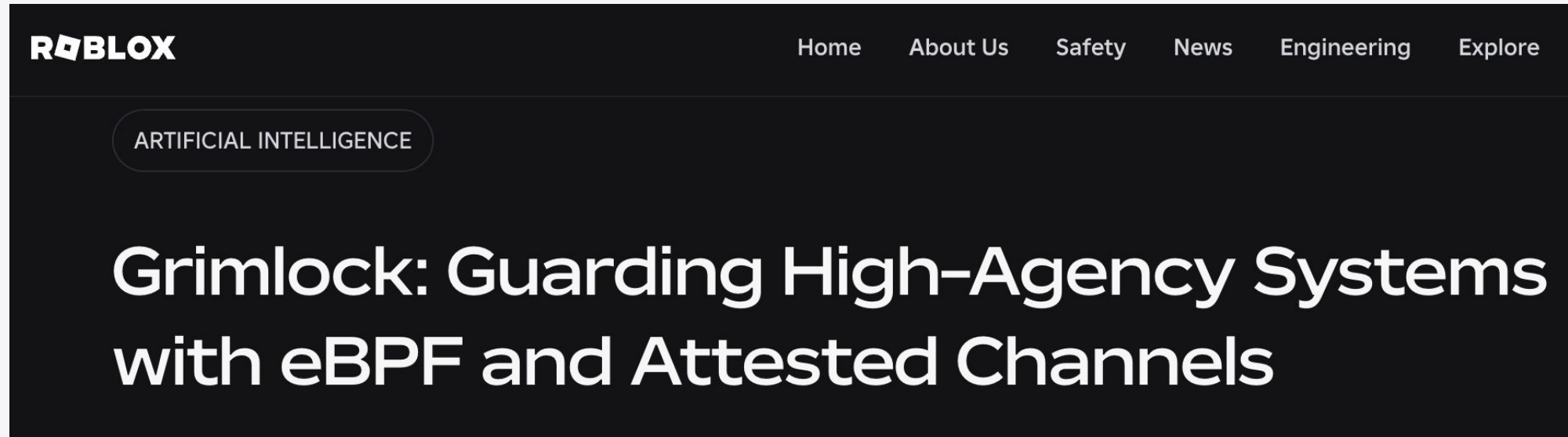
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By Daroc Alden
June 3, 2026
[LSFMM+BPF](#)

Alexei Starovoitov gave "**less of a presentation, more of a scream of realization**" at the BPF track of the 2026 [Linux Storage, Filesystem, Memory-Management, and BPF Summit](#). He shared a set of ideas for how BPF could change to avoid being swept away by the sea-change in programming represented by modern large language models (LLMs) and the coding agents based on them. In a follow-up session, the discussion covered more problems with how coding agents use tools like bpftrace, and the current deluge of patches in need of review in the BPF subsystem.

"there will be no fighting the verifier anymore"
- Alexei Starovoitov

eBPF + AI: Sandboxing



"Grimlock offers a path toward transparent, auditable, and scope-bound agent-to-agent communication across heterogeneous multi-cloud environments, using commodity Linux primitives and without requiring changes to user-layer orchestration code."

New Uses Cases - sched_ex



Keynote:
Writing a Linux Scheduler in Java with eBPF

Johannes Bechberger
OpenJDK Developer,
SAP SE

 **eBPF Summit**
powered by ISOVALENT

Hello eBPF: A scheduler controlled by sound (20)

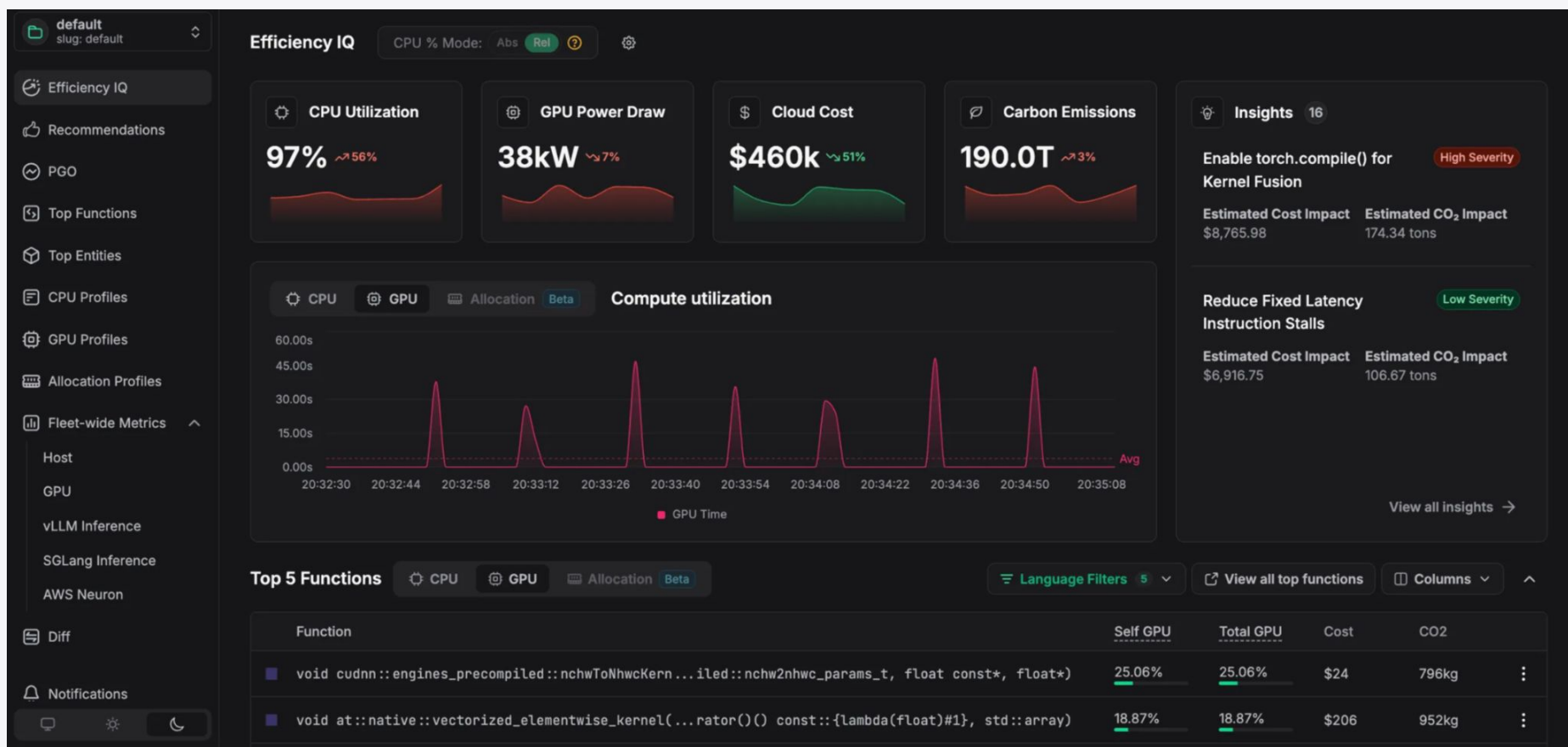
Posted on March 25, 2025

Welcome back to my [hello-ebpf](#) series. Last week, I was an attendee at a [scheduling and power management](#) summit (and to bring someone a sched-ext-themed birthday cake), and the [Chemnitz Linux Days](#), so this blog post will be a bit shorter but cover a small scheduler that I wrote for Chemnitz.

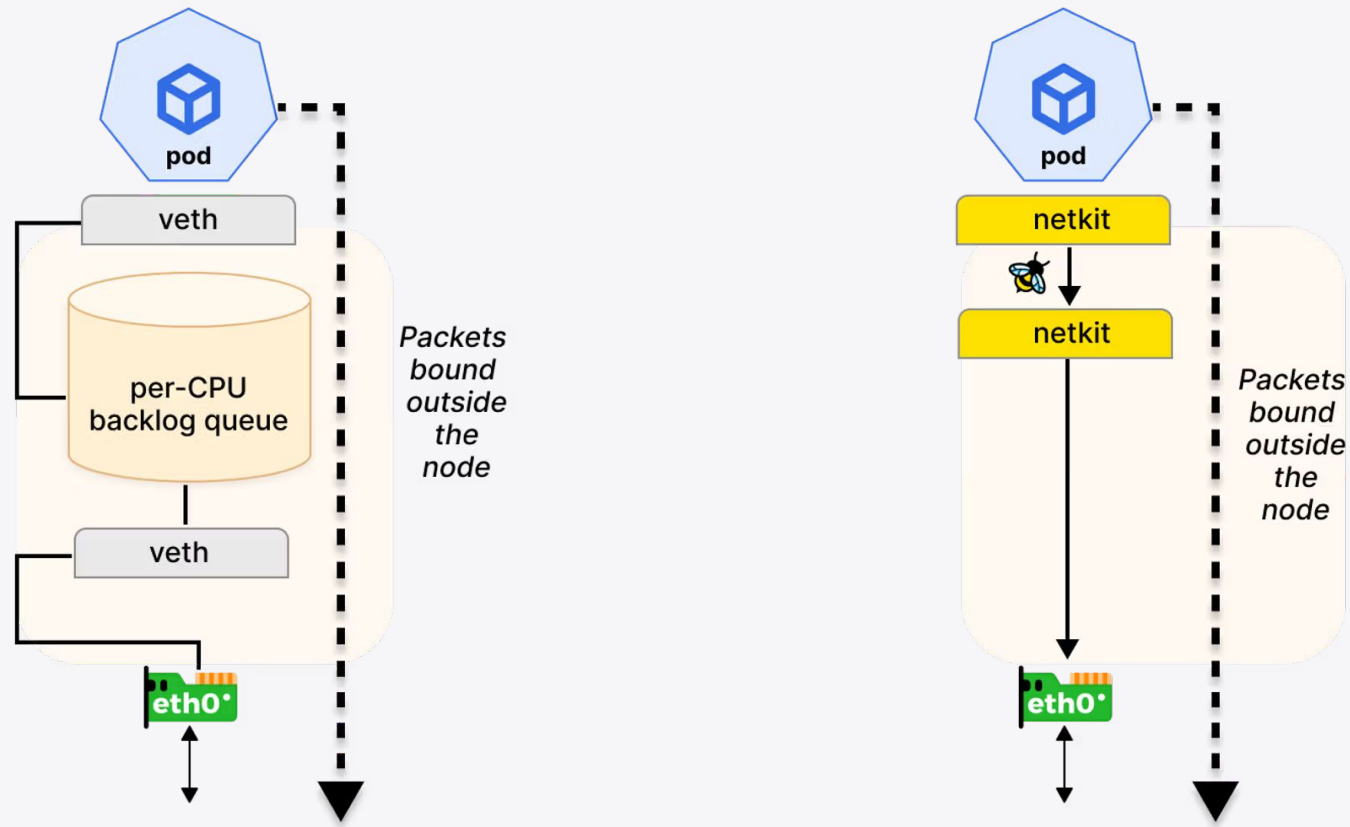


Shouting at my computer to make the game run faster

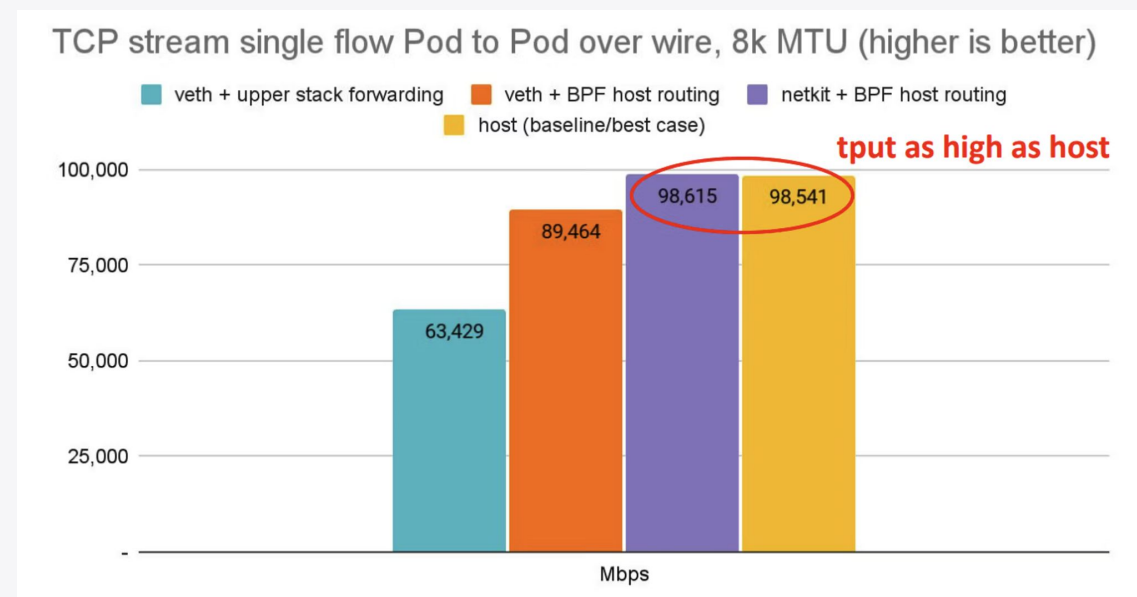
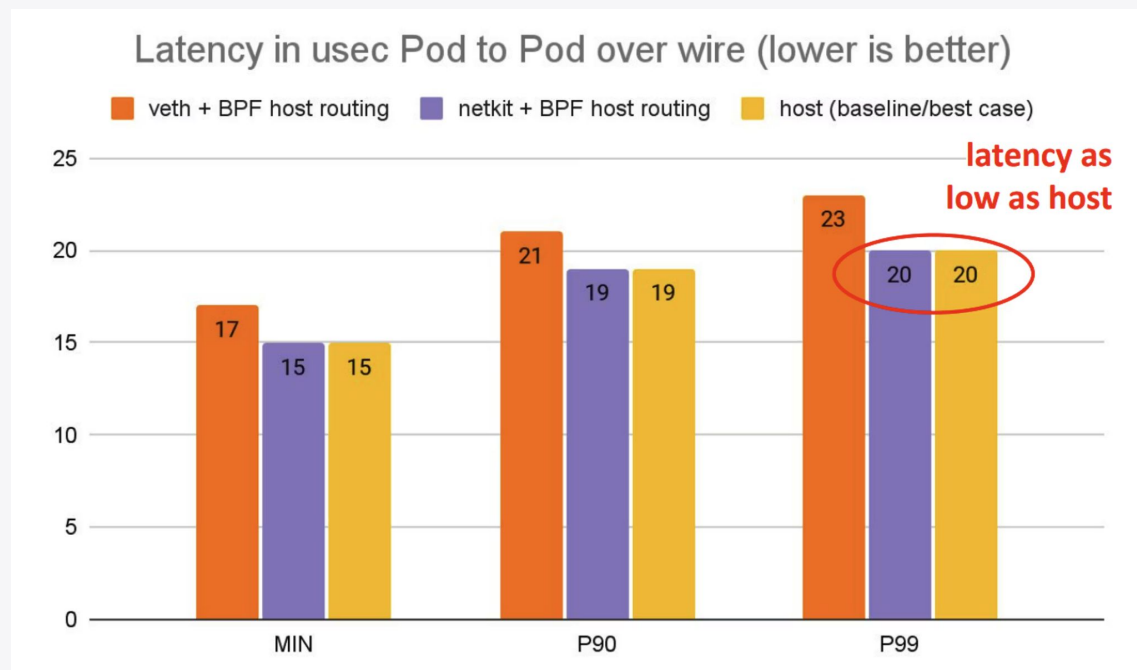
New Uses Cases - GPU Profiling



New Uses Cases - netkit



New Uses Cases - netkit



Upstream advances

- BPF Tokens
 - Safe privilege delegation
- Signing of programs
 - Only trusted programs can run
- Zero-Copy memory with bpf_arena
 - User space shares same memory pages as eBPF programs

eBPF Research Funding



[Foundation Resources](#) ▾ [Funding Opportunities](#) ▾ [Blog](#) [Events](#) ▾ [Foundation](#) ▾ [Join](#)

Academic Research Grant Program

The eBPF Foundation is pleased to announce that applications for the 2026 Academic Research Grant Program will be open from June 15 – July 15, 2026. Recipients announced on September 1, 2026. Return to this page on June 15 to apply.

Academic Research Grant Program Purpose

eBPF Foundation is pleased to invite university/research-institute faculty to respond to this call for research proposals on eBPF; unrestricted research grants of up to \$50,000 will be available. We are interested in making awards on a wide range of eBPF research, including, but not limited to[1]:

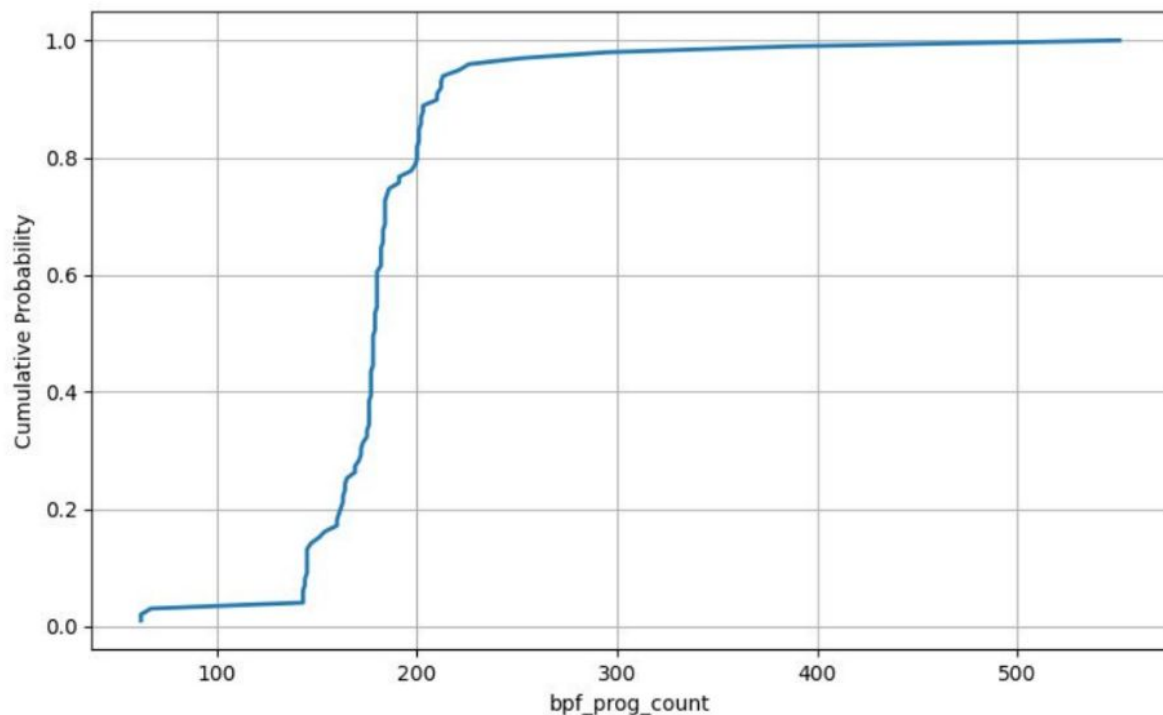
- eBPF program verification, and formal verification of the verifier and JITs

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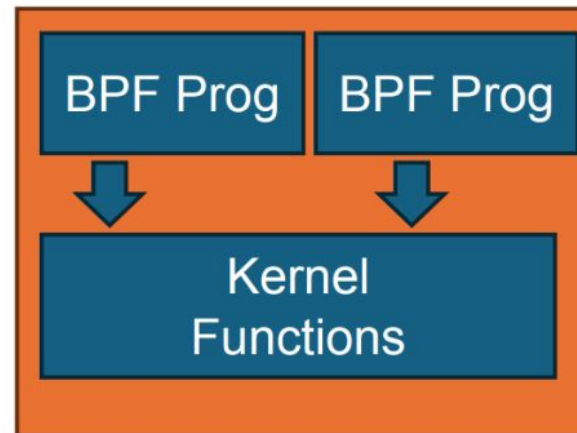
eBPF in Companies

Extensions to CI/CD for BPF Specifics

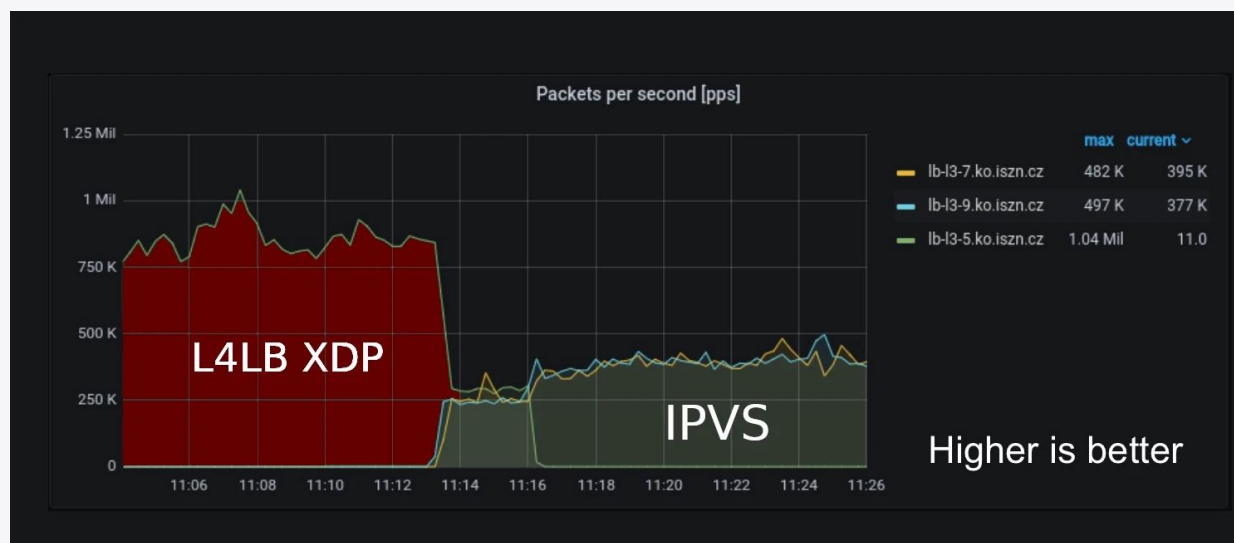
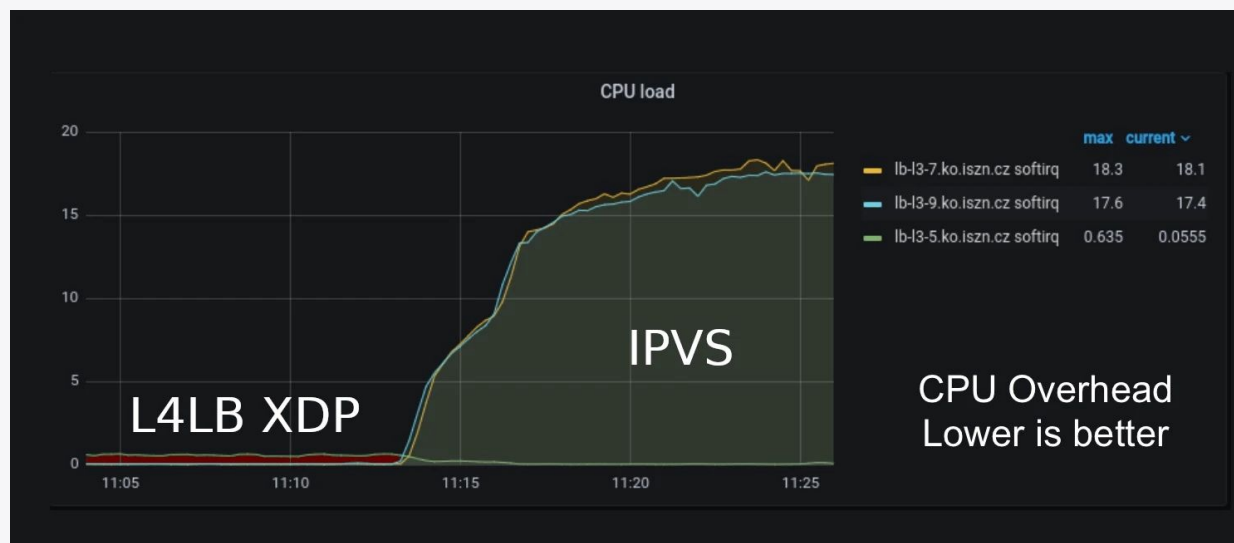
Detecting program-2-program interactions



50% of the servers run over 180 BPF programs



- BPF Programs interact in in-direct ways via the kernel
 - Bugs in a BPF program can impact others
 - Large combination of BPF programs at Meta
- Introduce new testing phase
 - Deploy different combination of BPF programs
 - Test with shadow production traffic





eBPF In Production

An Overview of Compelling Enterprise
Outcomes Using eBPF

by Bill Doerrfeld

February 2026

eBPF Company Landscape



[Home](#) [Stats](#) [Contribute](#)

Category

Status

Location

Sort

All Categories

All Statuses

All Locations

Company (A-Z)

Showing 85 of 85 items

Networking

Companies providing eBPF-based networking solutions for load balancing, firewalling, and traffic management

Platinum



Contributor

Platinum


now part of 

Contributor

Contributor



Contributor

Contributor



Contributor











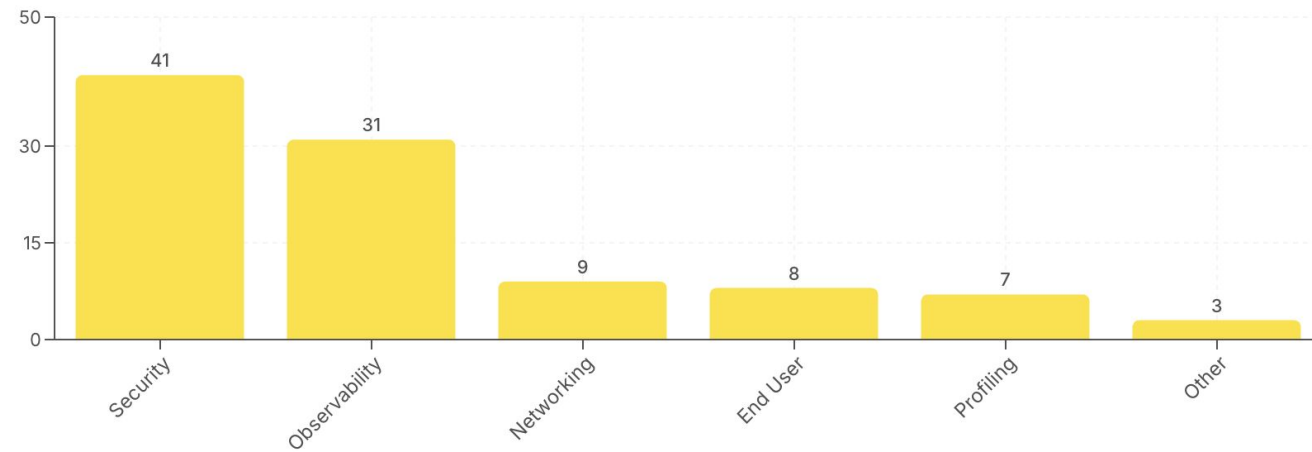
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eBPF Company Landscape

Distribution by Category

The eBPF ecosystem spans multiple categories, with companies often operating across multiple domains.



• PLUMgrid ➡ VMware (December 2016)	Networking
• Flowmill ➡ Splunk (November 2020)	Observability
• StackRox ➡ RedHat (January 2021)	Security
• Kinvolk ➡ Microsoft (April 2021)	Observability
• Pixie ➡ New Relic (July 2021)	Observability
• Cmd ➡ Elastic (October 2021)	Security
• Optimize ➡ Elastic (August 2021)	Profiling
• Seekret ➡ Datadog (August 2022)	Observability
• Pyroscope ➡ Grafana (March 2023)	Profiling
• Akita ➡ Postman (July 2023)	Observability
• Helios ➡ Snyk (January 2024)	Security
• Isovalent ➡ Cisco (April 2024)	Networking, Observability, Security
• Flow Security ➡ CrowdStrike (March 2024)	Security
• StackState ➡ SUSE (June 2024)	Observability
• Threatx ➡ A10 Networks (February 2025)	Security
• Traceable ➡ Harness (February 2025)	Security
• Wiz ➡ Google (March 2025)	Security
• Nyx ➡ Upwind (April 2025)	Security
• Otterize ➡ Cyera (June 2025)	Security
• Protect AI ➡ Palo Alto Networks (July 2025)	Security
• Red Canary ➡ Zscaler (August 2025)	Security
• Prompt Security ➡ SentinelOne (August 2025)	Security
• MantisNet ➡ F5 (August 2025)	Observability
• Attribute ➡ DoiT (July 2026)	FinOps



Feature & Sensor Upgrade

Platform & Community Land Grabs

AI & Runtime Security Consolidation

Wave 1	2020	New Relic acquires Pixie	Observability
		Splunk acquires Flowmill	Observability
	2021	Red Hat acquires StackRox	Security
		Elastic acquires Cmd	Security
		Elastic acquires Optimize	Observability
		Microsoft acquires Kinvolk	Observability
	2022	Datadog acquires Seekret	Observability
Wave 2	2023	Snyk acquires Helios	Security, Observability
		Postman acquires Akita	Observability, Security
		Grafana acquires Pyroscope	Observability
	2024	Cisco acquires Isovalent	Networking, Security, Observability
		SUSE acquires StackState	Observability
		CrowdStrike acquires Flow Security	Security
		Cisco acquires Splunk	Observability, Security
Wave 3	2025	Cyera acquires Otterize	Security
		Harness acquires Traceable	Security, Observability
		Upwind acquires Nyx	Security
		Zscaler acquires Red Canary	Security
		F5 acquires MantisNet	Networking, Observability
		Palo Alto Networks acquires Protect AI	AI security
		SentinelOne acquires Prompt Security	AI security
		A10 Networks acquires ThreatX Protect	Networking, Security
	2026	Google acquires Wiz	Security

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Where to go Next

ebpf.io

 [Learn](#) [Project Landscape](#) [Events](#) [Community](#) [Blog](#) [Events](#) [Foundation](#)

Dynamically program the kernel for efficient networking, observability, tracing, and security

[Project Landscape](#)[What is eBPF](#)

USE CASES

Networking

Security

Observability

USER SPACE

Projects

Dev Tools

Application

Tracing

Profiling

Monitoring

KERNEL

Kernel Runtime

Verifier & JIT

Helper API

OS Runtime

Maps

Kernel Stack

✓ Programs are verified to safely execute

✓ Hook anywhere in the kernel to modify functionality

✓ JIT compiler for near native execution speed

✓ Add OS capabilities at runtime

Organizations in every industry use eBPF in production



Google uses eBPF for security auditing, packet processing, and performance monitoring.

[VIDEO 1](#) [VIDEO 2](#) [TALK 1](#) [TALK 2](#)



Netflix uses eBPF at scale for network insights.

[BLOG](#)



Android uses eBPF to monitor network usage, power, and memory profiling.

[DOCS](#)

ebpf.io
en Français
Italiano
Português
Swahili
Español
繁體中文
简体中文

Programmation dynamique du noyau pour le réseau, une observabilité, une trace et des outils efficaces

Paysage du projet Qu'est-ce qu'eBPF

Looking for help translating

- ✓ Vérification des programmes pour une exécution sécurisée
- ✓ Branchement n'importe où dans le noyau pour une modification des fonctionnalités
- ✓ Compilateur JIT pour une vitesse d'exécution quasi native
- ✓ Accès aux fonctions bas niveau du système

Des entreprises de tous types d'industries utilisent eBPF en production

Google

Google utilise eBPF pour des audits de sécurité, du traitement de paquets ainsi que le monitoring de performance.

NETFLIX

Netflix utilise eBPF à grande échelle pour obtenir des informations sur le réseau.

android

Android utilise eBPF pour surveiller l'utilisation du réseau, pour l'alimentation et le profilage de la mémoire.



eBPF for the Infrastructure Platform

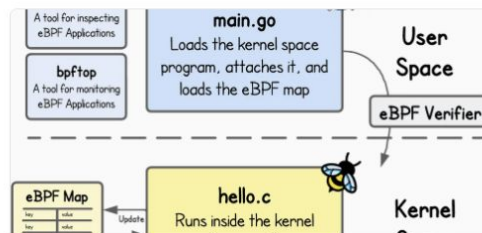
How Modern Applications Leverage
Kernel-Level Programmability

by Andrew Green

November 2025

ebpf.io Labs

Dig into eBPF with interactive labs



NETWORKING

eBPF Beginner Skill Path

Learn eBPF from the ground up — from writing and running your first program, to storing data in eBPF maps, inspecting and monitoring kernel activity using bpf tool and bpf top, and understanding how the verifier ensures safe eBPF execution. Finish with a hands-on challenge to put your new skills to the test.

Start the labs

Getting started with eBPF

NETWORKING

Getting started with eBPF

eBPF is the new standard to program Linux kernel capabilities in a safe and efficient manner without requiring to change kernel source code or loading kernel modules. It has enabled a new generation of high performance tooling.

Start the lab

Getting started with AYA

```

? Which type of eBPF program?
cgroup_ino
cgroup_socket
cgroup_sysctl
classifier
fentry
fexit
kprobe
kretprobe
lsm
perf_event
raw_tracepoint
sk_msg
sock_ops
socket_filter
tp_btf
tracepoint
uprobe
uretprobe
xdp

```



NETWORKING

Getting started with eBPF with Aya

Aya is a Rust framework for writing eBPF programs.
These labs guide you through using it to develop eBPF programs. 🦀 + 🐝 = Aya

Start the labs

Learning eBPF Tutorial



NETWORKING

Learning eBPF Tutorial

Learn how to write your first eBPF Hello World program and dive into all the key concepts and tools of eBPF such as eBPF maps, bytecode, bpf tool, xdp and the eBPF verifier.

Start the lab

The Illustrated Children's Guide to eBPF



eBPF Documentary - ebpfdocumentary.com



A Vision for eBPF Inside

